

# Autonomous Optical Guidance System

Group 2

Brandon Staton

John Ciambriello

John Fridenmaker

Ryan Shoaf

# Project Goals and Objectives

- The desire to create a system which will autonomously guide a model airplane on a collision course with a specific target using image recognition.
- To experience using microcontrollers to control plane navigation.
- To experience designing schematics to interface with various components.
- To experience synchronizing multiple microcontrollers to control airplane flight.
- To implement image manipulation while minimizing processing time.

# Project Specification and Requirements

1. Track and collide with target using image processing without user input.
2. Capture frame from camera, store into SRAM, conduct image processing, and send target offset to flight microcontroller.
3. Use target offset coordinates and flight hardware to correct the plane's flight course.
4. Design a dual microcontroller circuit which will interface flight sensors with optical hardware.

# Design Approach and Implementation

- Minimization of abstraction layers
  - Appropriate data formats
  - Direct interfacing
- Robust physical and electrical construction
  - Shock resistance
  - Operating margins prevent restarts
    - Cannot afford to restart flight microcontroller in flight

# Design Decisions

## Dual Microcontrollers

- Flight controller maintains final decisions regarding flight

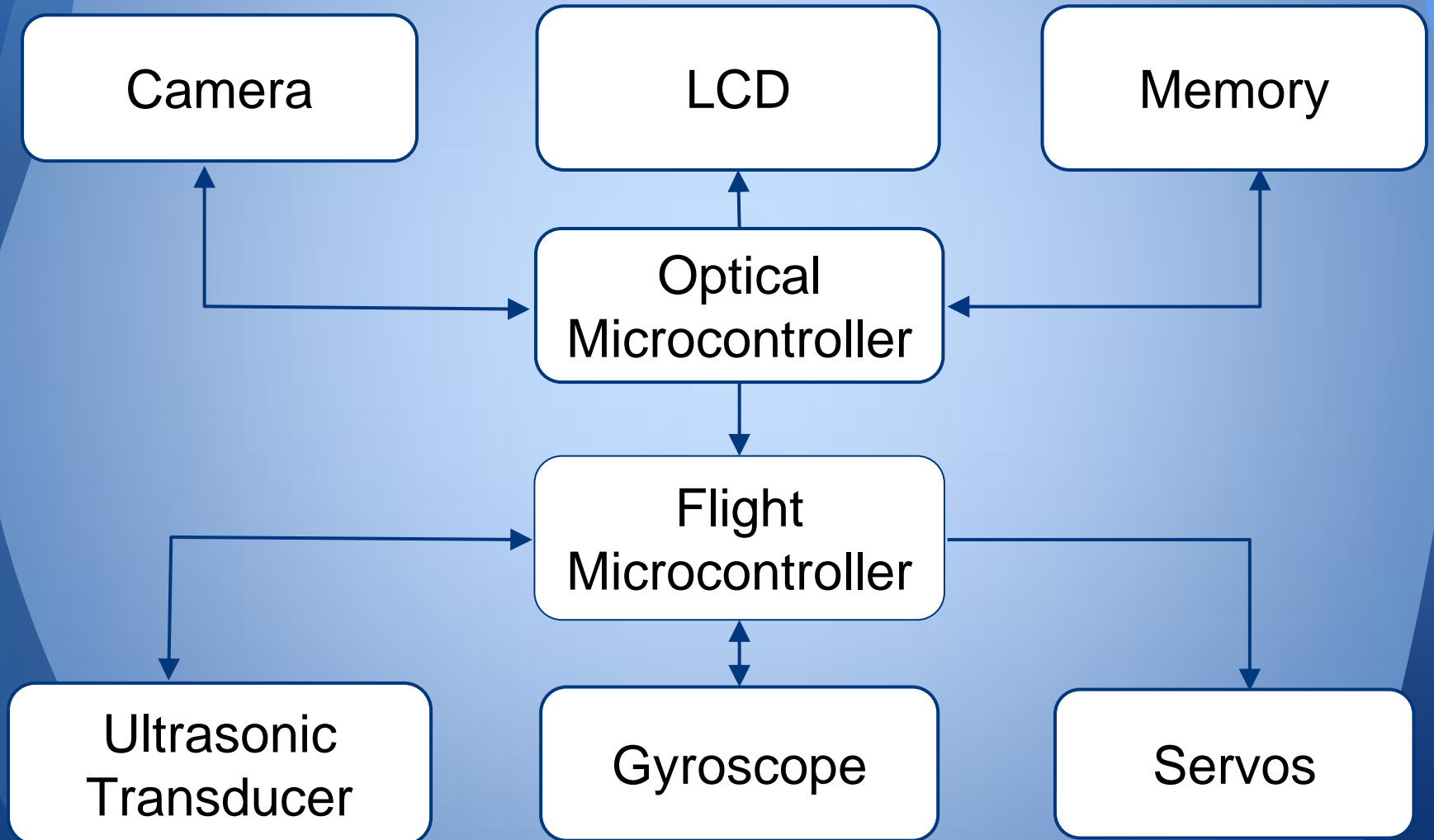
## Camera solutions

- Complete cameras vs. sensors

## Displays

- Controlled vs controllerless

# Overall Block Diagram



# Component Decisions

## Microcontroller:

<u>Microcontroller</u>	<u>Development Environment</u>	<u>Speed</u>	<u>Availability</u>	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Pin I/O</u>
STM32F4	Atollic	168Mhz	Digikey	\$15.25	114
AT32UC3A4256S-C1UR	Atollic	66MHz	Digikey	\$14.30	88

# Component Decisions

## Camera:

<u>Camera</u>	<u>Resolution</u>	<u>Speed</u>	<u>Availability</u>	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Pin I/O</u>
GoPro	1280 x 1024	30fps	Manufacturer website	\$149.99	component/ composite video (analog)
OV7670	640 x 480	>30fps	Various	\$20.00	parallel data (digital)
OV9655	1280 x 1024	30fps @ VGA 15fps @ full	Various	\$50.00	parallel data (digital)

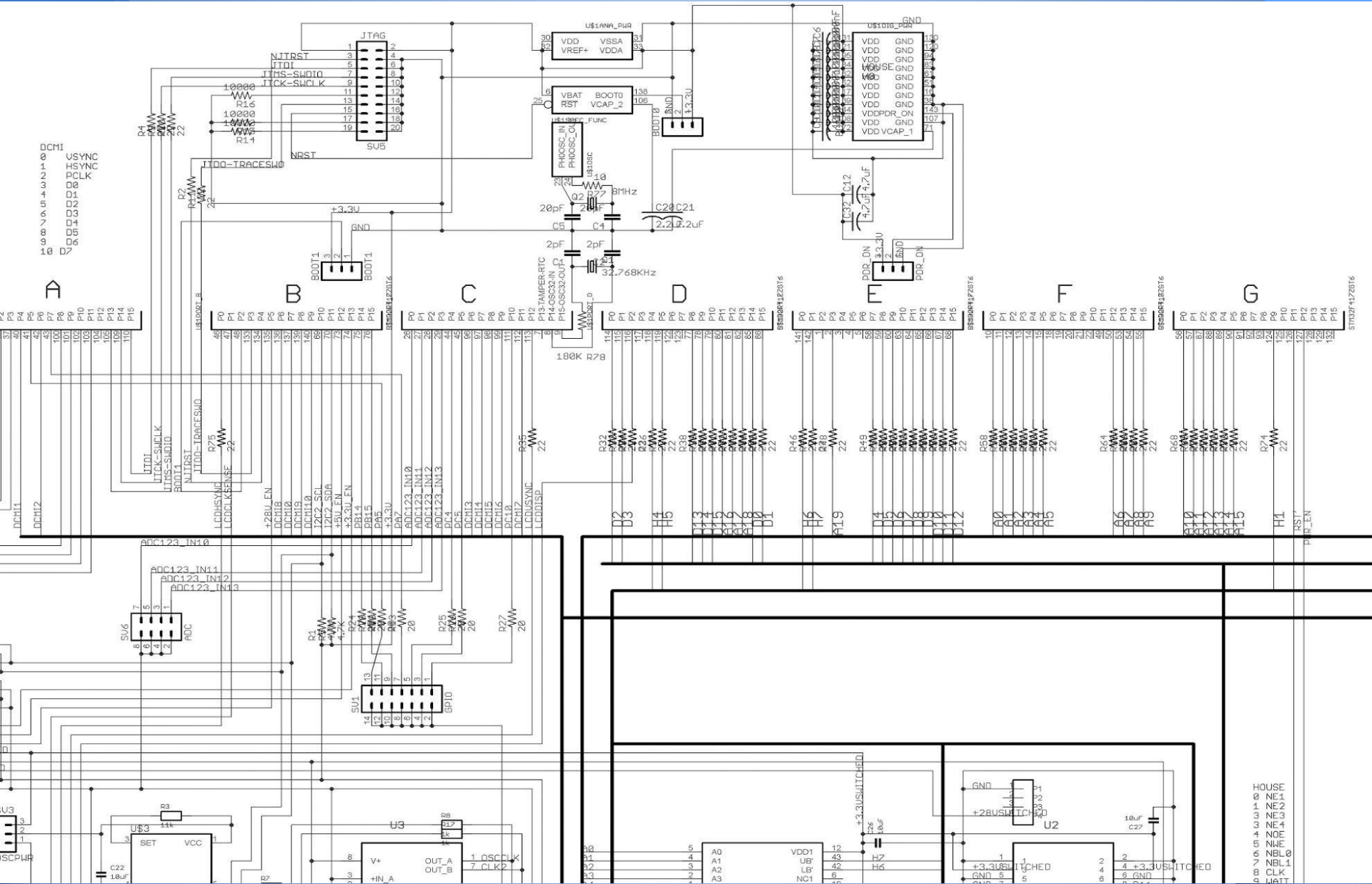


# Component Decisions

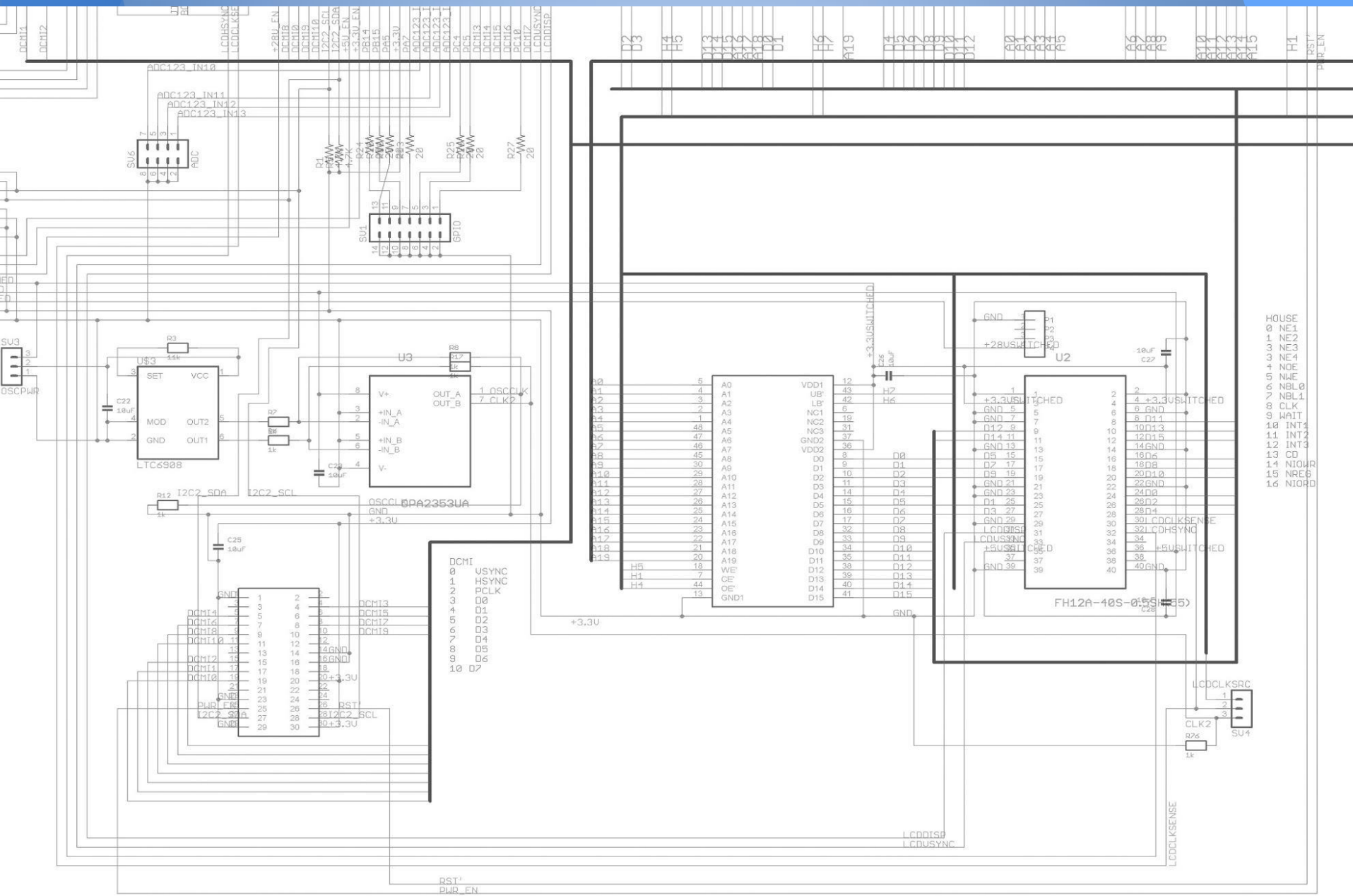
## Memory:

<u>Memory</u>	<u>Access time</u>	<u>Availability</u>	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Pin I/O</u>
SRAM	10ns	digikey	\$149.00	parallel
SDHC	1.2ms	various	\$9.00	serial

# Hardware Schematic



# Hardware Schematics cont.

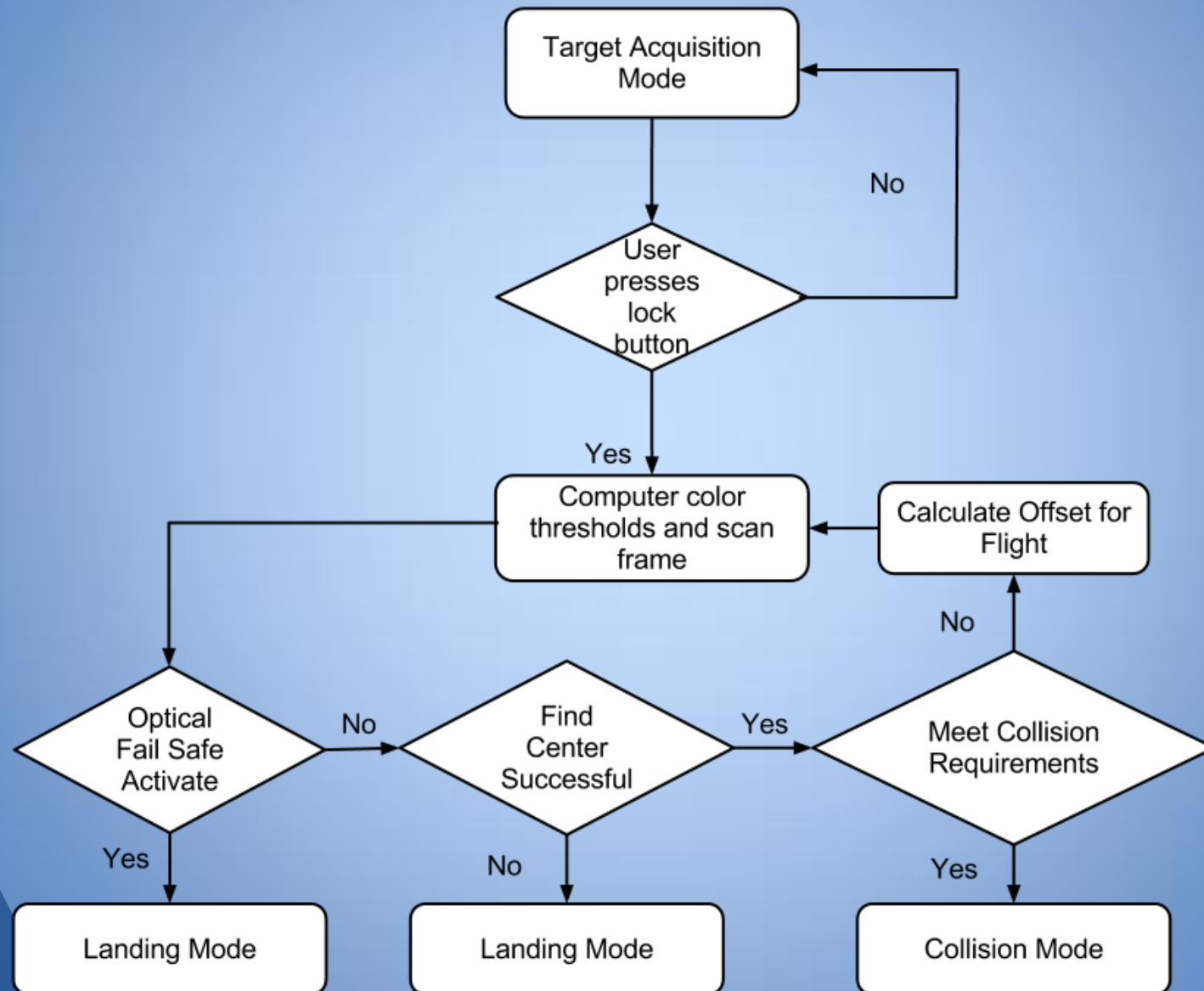


# Design Decisions

## Image processing algorithms:

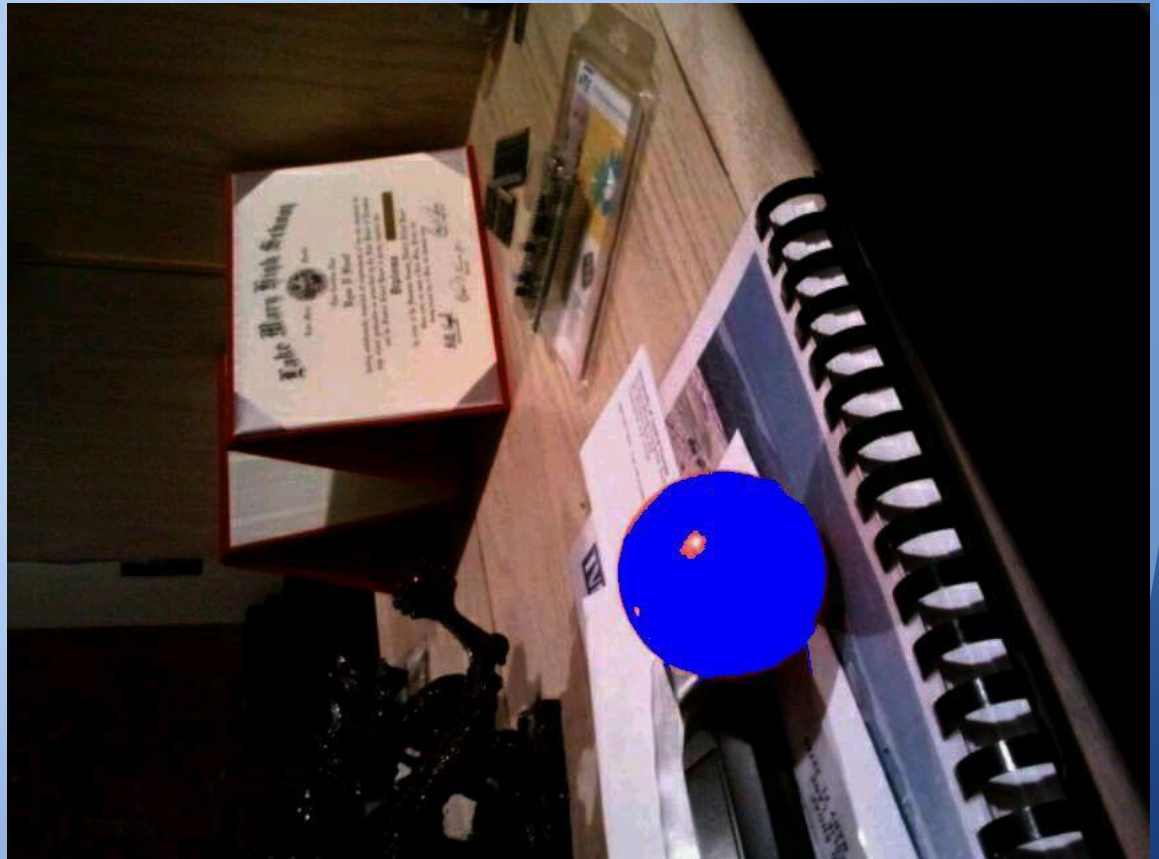
<u>Algorithm</u>	<u>Implementation Difficulty</u>	<u>Execution Speed</u>	<u>Execution Results</u>	<u>Scalability</u>
KLT Tracker	High	High	High	High
SIFT	High	High	High	High
Color Histograms	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate
Scanning	Low	Low	Moderate	Low

# Image Processing Overview



# Color Threshold

The image processing uses a double threshold to admit only colors close to the target color. The first threshold is set very low to only accept colors very close to target. Since this will omit a large portion of the target, a second threshold is set high and will allow only colors that are next to a low threshold.



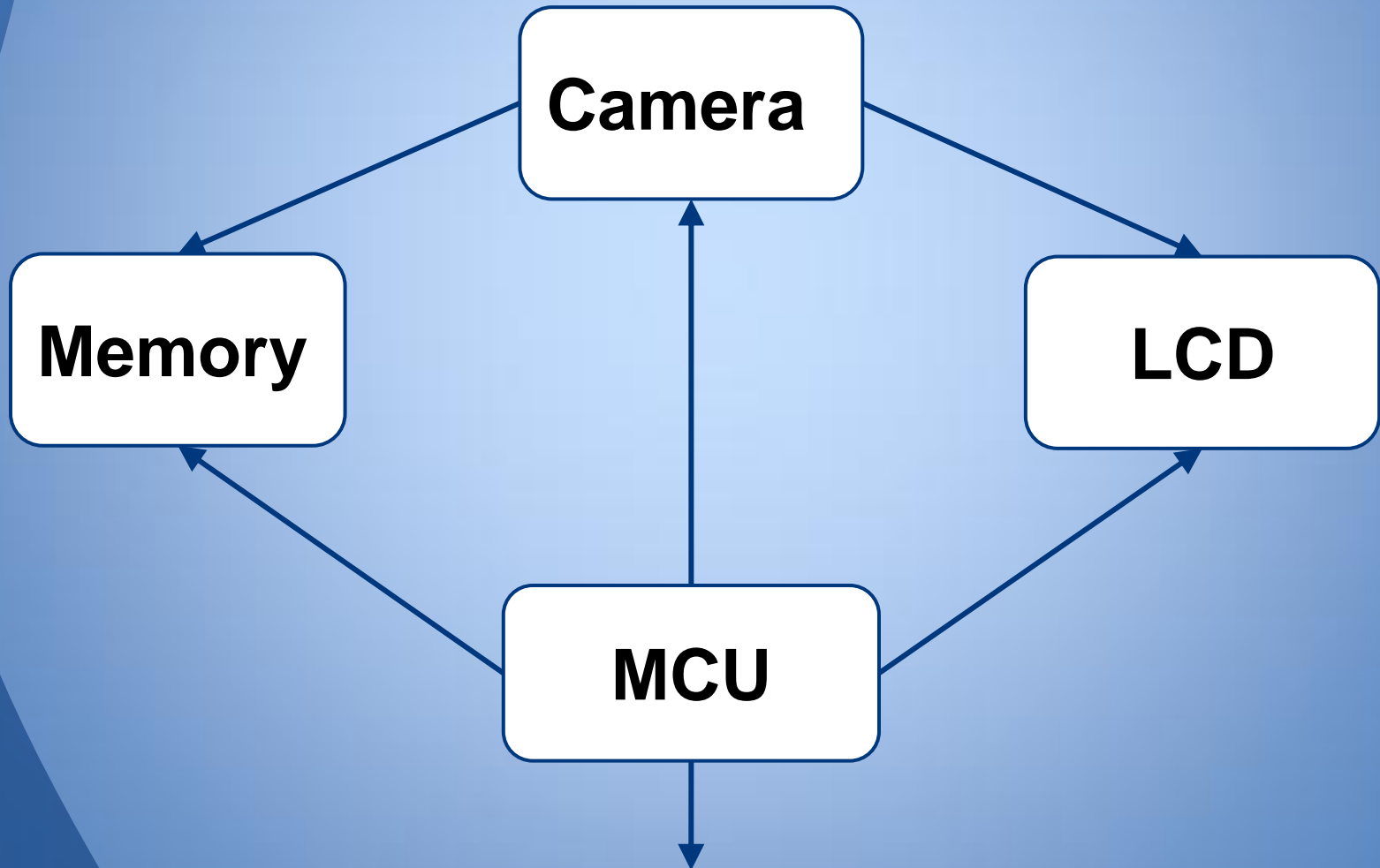


# Target Center and Offset Calculation

The target center is conducted after the first color threshold pixel is found. From the first pixel, the algorithm will determine the height by going down until the last color threshold. The width is calculated by going half the height and going left and right. The offset is calculated by pixels from the center of the image to the target center

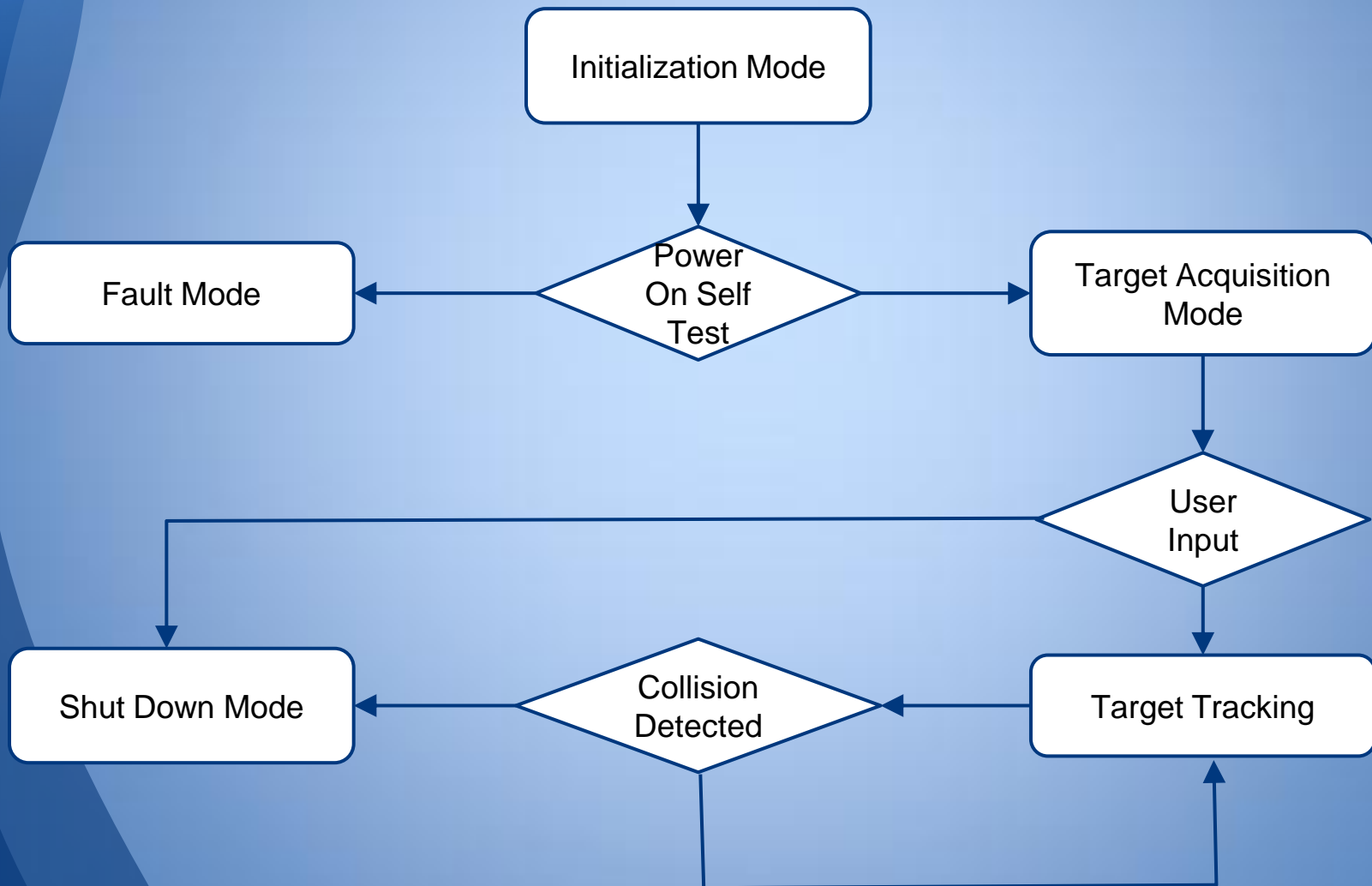


# Optical Microcontroller



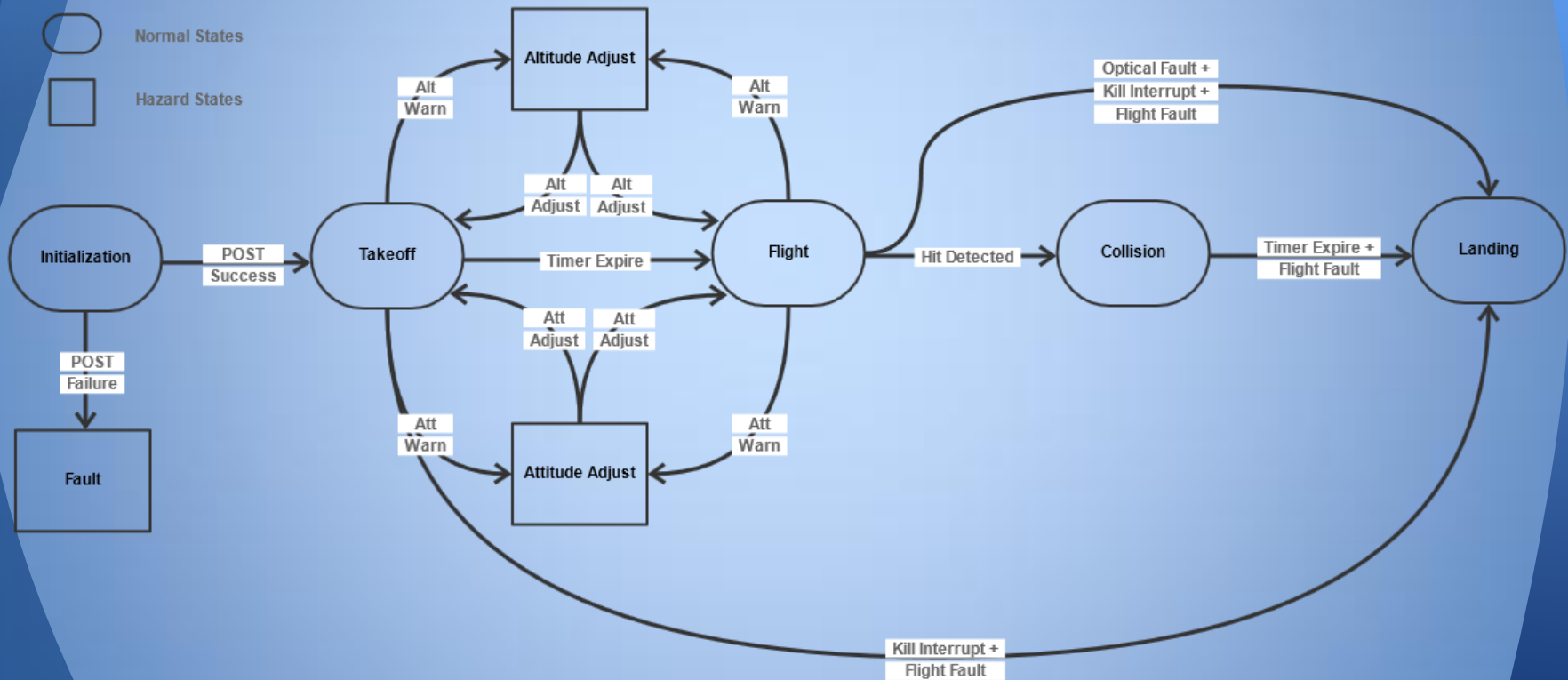


# Optical Controller Process Overview



# Flight Controller Process Overview

*Flight Microcontroller State Diagram*



# Project Difficulties

## Flight processing difficulties:

- Gyroscope signal processing
- Barometric sensor produces inconsistent data

## Optical processing difficulties:

- Communicating with subcomponents using I<sup>2</sup>C
- Communicating to LCD
- Storing camera data into memory

## Image processing possible difficulties:

- Calculating correct color tolerance
- Optimizing target detection and offset calculation

## Hardware difficulties:

- LCD connection

# Administrative Content

## Budget and Financing:

- \$2000 for three systems, airplanes, radios, and construction materials.
- Self financed